

#### ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURE

# Week 10: Assignment 2 Tectonic Thinking

(Recap and supplementary materials)



How to use this week's material as <u>self study material</u>:

- Open it in your Adobe Reader
- 2. Hover the square at the top left of the page is you see one.
- 3. Lecture notes will pop out (if there are any), example HOVER HERE is as follow:

will be point of departure of your assessment ments. Your assessment criteria, grading rubric, etc. I compile this together so you know where to look or read the references. I am trying my best to explain it here in this slides as much as possible, but also please read the references (I will upload them as supporting material). Please be proactive on this learning process, as this is your own learning curve. I am here to facilitate. but as I said at the beginning of the module, you are in charge of your own learning. Some information might have been repeated. I also hope that during your assessment planning, you will look back at these slides 🚞 Rationale: Bringing together knowledge we have gathered in previous weeks to a univocal view, which will be a useful for your assessment planning.

### **Outline**





# Aims and objectives

- To expand on Assessment 2's brief: rationale, aim and mapped learning objectives, timeline, etc
- Assessment 2.1 and Assessment 2.2
- A recap on **Tectonic Thinking**, which we explored in Week 1
- To provide supplementary materials for Assignment 2 related to Tectonics

# **Learning outcomes**

Students will be able to ...

- O1 Prepare for the Assessment 2
- **02** Become aware on the submission timescale

Use supplementary materials (selectively) to frame your arguments and help your analysis

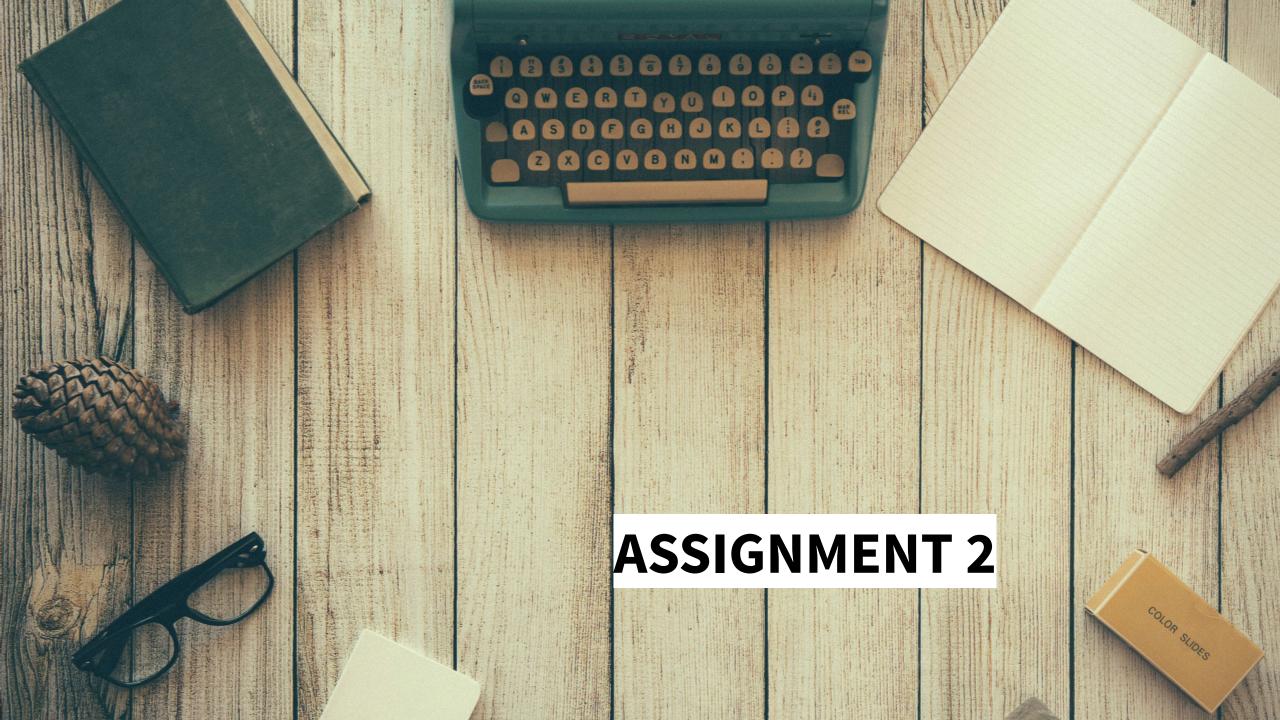
- Week1: Brief understanding of tectonic thinking in architecture practice
- Week 2: Historical understanding of tectonics
- Week 3-6: (Revisiting) Material based structural system (timber structure, steel structure, concrete structure and masonry structure)
- Week 7: Expert talk and site visit in Beilun
- Week 8: Technical drawings
- Week 9: Reading week (working on Assignment 1)

#### **REMINDER:**

**Assignment 1's** 

deadline is on May 8<sup>th</sup>
- Saturday (11:45pm)

Late submission is not tolerable
Note: You had 2x4hr classes to work on this assignment
Via email: mia@miatedjosaputro.com



#### Architectural Structure

### Live assessments' link:

https://miatedjosaputro .com/2021/04/07/as-2021-assessments/

#### **Documents** you need to look at:

- Document #1
- Document #6
- Document #7
- Fundamentals of academic writing

#### Protected: AS 2021: Live Assessments Documents

April 7, 2021 O Comments

Assessment 1 documents:

1-AS\_assessment brief\_general

2- AS\_assessment 1

3- AS\_assessment 1- grading rubric

4- AS\_assessment 1- example

5- Link to the SketchUp file: https://www.dropbox.com/s/mzflu293nhbx576/5-%20AS\_assessment%201-%20sketchup%20file.zip?dl=0

Assessment 2 documents:

S assessment 2

AS\_assessment 2- grading rubric

Fundamentals of academic writing:

Avoiding Plagiarism

assessments NBU-AStructure

### **Deadline:**

Assignment 2.1: May 15<sup>th</sup> 2021 (11:45pm)

Assignment 2.2: June 2<sup>nd</sup> 2021 (11:45pm)

Late submission is not tolerable
Via email: mia@miatedjosaputro.com



## Assignment 2.1 and 2.2

#### Aim:

- To put tectonic thinking (and its parameters) in context of students' current studio design project
- To exercise critical thinking on suitability of structural systems in a specific design brief
- To demonstrate understanding on currently available methods of construction

#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

Deadline: May 15<sup>th</sup> (Saturday), 11:45pm

Format: A4 pdf file

Submission via email to mia@miatedjosaputro.com

Subject and file naming:

AS\_2.1\_[Your nickname]\_[ID number], for example: AS\_2.1\_Mia\_123456



#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

This document encapsulates the **design brief** for this assignment that **you define yourself**.

Project: Commercial Street Design

You have to submit **Assignment 2.1. on time** to be able to submit Assessment 2.2.





#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

Content should include (the minimum):

- 1. Chosen scope of work with regards to the whole design
- 2. Preview **image** of the urban planning and labelled chosen scope of work. Use your existing drawings/ photographs to illustrate this.
- 3. A paragraph **elaborating the chosen scope of work**, including: rationale and brief explanation about the space
- 4. A brief plan of work.



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- 4. A brief plan of work.



#### **AN ESSAY SUBMISSION**

	EXPLANATION
Format	Written assignment on A4 paper. Page numbers are strongly suggested.
Cover Page	Please make sure your cover page includes: university name, your full name, ID number and title of essay.
	Please start your essay on the second page.
	ADDITIONAL NOTE: Include word count (except reference list) on the cover
Referencing style	Harvard (click <u>here</u> )
Language	English (only)
Word count	No more than 2000 words, exclude references. If you submit <1800 words, 10% of your mark will be deducted.
Basic structure	Abstract (100 words), introduction, body paragraphs, conclusions and future studies.
Submission	Electronic submission, MS Word and pdf files (both have to be submitted).



#### **AN ESSAY SUBMISSION**

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# Academic writing style: Harvard referencing style

Download the guide from this link or use *Google Scholar* to generate reference list <a href="https://miatedjosaputro.com/uploads/sites/2/2020/02/CTR-Harvard-guide-2.pdf">https://miatedjosaputro.com/uploads/sites/2/2020/02/CTR-Harvard-guide-2.pdf</a>

#### **IN-TEXT CITATION**

Author (Year) or (Author, Year)

Example:

"After that I lived like a young rajah in all the capitals of Europe..." (Fitzgerald, 2004). or

Fitzgerald (2004) posits that he lived like a young rajah in the capitals of Europe...

#### REFERENCE LIST

Author (Year).

Example:

Fitzgerald, F. (2004). The great Gatsby. New York: Scribner.



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#### REFERENCE LIST FOR ONLINE RESOURCES

#### Example:

Department of Health (2017) *Recovering the cost of NHS treatments given to overseas visitors*. Available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/news//recovering-the-cost-of-nhs-treatments-given-to-overseas-visitors (Accessed: 24th February 2017).



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### FUNDAMENTALS OF ACADEMIC WRITING: PARAPHRASING, CITING, AND BALANCE BETWEEN AUTHORS' WRITER'S VOICE

25 May 2020

By: Matt Wallwork

Note: green is the author's voice, purple is the writer's voice (yours).

In academic writing there is a three- way relationship, between the reader, the authors (the sources you are using), and the writer (you). The way you use the arguments or facts from authors- sources- to develop your own stance (argument) is called source synthesis. Whenever you use information from a source, you must cite it- if you do not, you are guilty of plagiarism, which is academic misconduct. You must use sources so that your writing is objective. If the ideas were all your own, they would be subjective, and therefore less valid. The ideal blend is 50:50, i.e. 50% of the information comes from sources, and 50% comes from your ideas about what the sources say. For other considerations in academic writing, refer to the Andy Gillet articles on Uefap, here: http://www.uefap.com/writing/writfram.htm



## **Plagiarism**



Contessa Ruiz

The Goliath of the Sea

**75** /100

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18 of 28





#### The Goliath of the Sea

The majestic blue whale, the goliath of the sea, certainly stands alone within the animal kingdom for its adaptations beyond its massive size.

At 30 metres (98 ft) in length and 190 tonnes (210 short tons) or more in weight, it is the largest existing an anal and the heaviest that has ever existed. Despite their incomparable mass, aggressive hunting in the 1900s by whalers seeking whale oil drove them to the brink of extinction. But there are other reasons for why they are now so endangered.





#### **AN ESSAY SUBMISSION**

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# WHAT IS CRITICAL THINKING?





- Criterion based:
- assessing things based on criteria
- 2 Basing hypotheses on **evidence**
- Concession rebuttal (assessing both sides of arguments to be objective)

**Evidence based** thinking based on the three above-mentioned points





# Common problem in practice:

The division between architectural design of a building and the structural design of the building.

The key is the conceptual understanding of structural behaviour.

# What is tectonic approach in architecture?

Tectonics is the science of art of construction, both in relation to use and artistic design.

It was derived from a Greek word, "Tekton", meaning carpenter or builder.

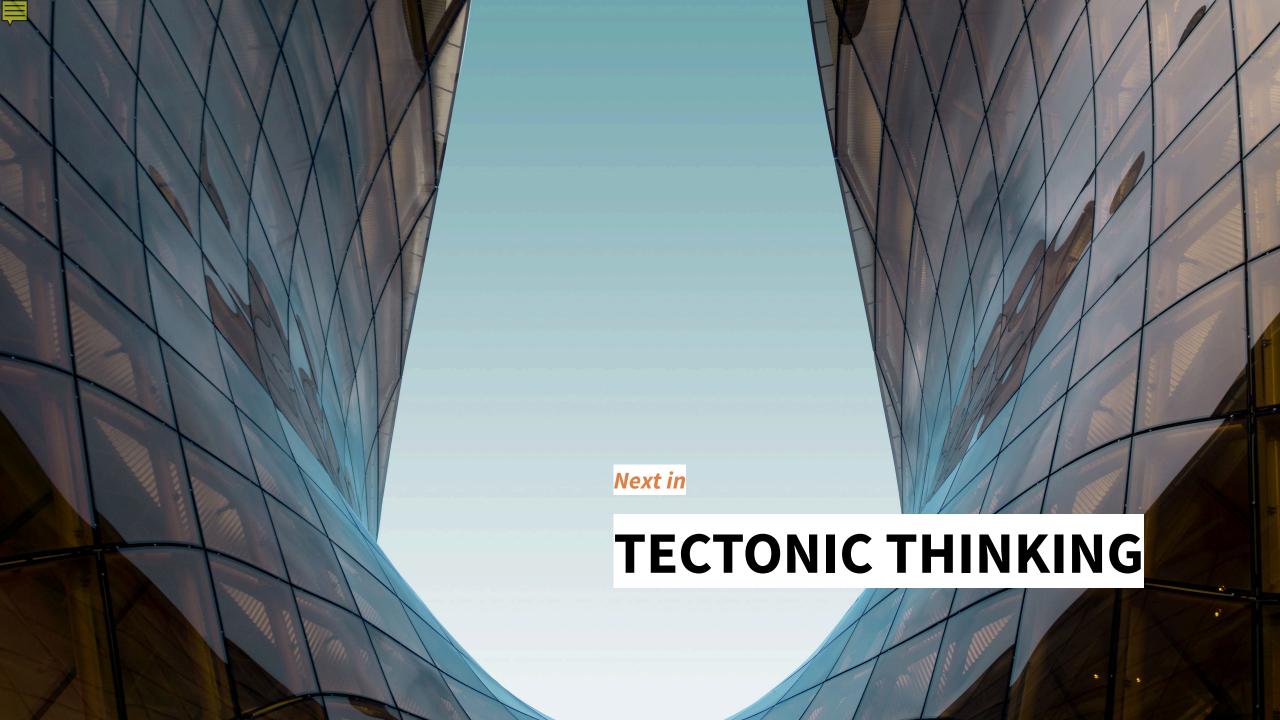
**Poetic of construction** 

Related to material and structure

# **Tectonics** resembles:

- Integration of structure and construction
- The application of technical aspects
- Attention to detail creativity that reflects cultural and aesthetic qualities
- And is related to different aspects of skills, methods, materials and proportions.

Al-Alwan, H. & Mahmood, Y. B. (2020). The Connotation of Tectonics in Architectural Theory. IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering, 2020. IOP Publishing, 012161.





The remaining part of this material is to help to with your analysis. They serve as point of departure of your arguments.

In form of:

10 guiding questions

(but not limited to these)

# Summary of 10 guiding questions

```
# 1: Classical tectonics and digital tectonics
# 2: Early theories of tectonics
# 3: Architect as master of tectonic expression
# 4: Stance on digital tectonics
# 5: Core aspects of tectonics
# 6: Tectonics as an artistic expression of mechanical functions
# 7: Tectonics as an artistic expression of mechanical functions
#8: Tectonics as an artistic expression of spatial functions
# 9: Views on tectonism
# 10: Tectonic expression
```

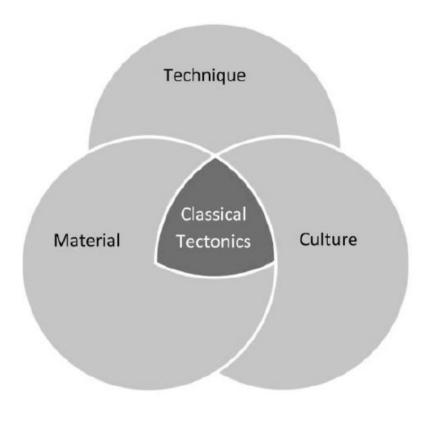
### Question #1:

How does your tectonic thinking practice relate in terms of **classic tectonics** and **digital tectonics**?

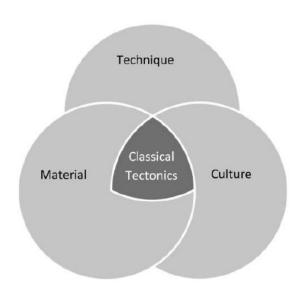


# Classical tectonics (as opposed to digital tectonics)

"Tectonics is the essence of architecture that deals with the aesthetic aspects of structure, construction, and materials. It tends to consider the handicrafts, details and joints as an essential part of architectural practice and as an important means of showing cultural expression by using the simplest techniques and materials. Tectonics creates emotional interaction between people, nature, and culture by its dependence on the human ability to understand the inspirational relations between the elements of the building."



## Classical tectonics (as opposed to digital tectonics)





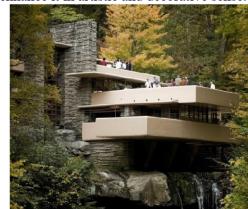
A.Palazzetto dello Sport, Rome, 1961, Pier Luigi Nervi. The perfect integration between structure and construction



C. Notre Dame du Ronchamp, Paris, *L. Corbusier* 1950 The Ingenuity of joining



**B.** Sagrada Familia, Rome, Antonio Gaudi Details enrich the architectural capacity; enhance it in artistic and decorative sense.



Paris, Le **D.** Waterfall House, Pennsylvania, F. L. Wright, 1935 Full interaction between architecture and environment

**Figure 7.** The embodiment of Tectonics essential elements.

Al-Alwan, H. & Mahmood, Y. B. (2020). The Connotation of Tectonics in Architectural Theory. IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering, 2020. IOP Publishing, 012161.

### Classical tectonics: Essential factors





Represented by: construction, technology and representation



**CULTURE** 

Represented by art, handcraft empathy



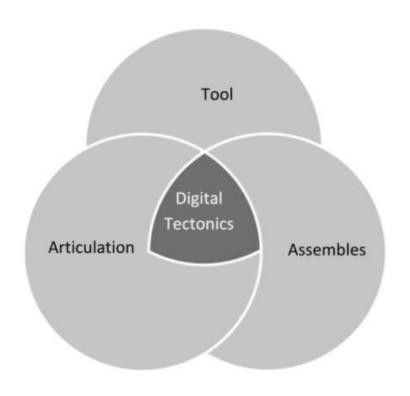
**MATERIAL** 

Represented by structure, science and ontology



## Digital tectonics (as opposed to classical tectonics)

"Digital Tectonics is a new methodology of architectural design that emphasizes the integration between aesthetic and technical aspects, or a mixture of the abstract and concrete. It is described as the poetics of the digitally conceived, structurally clarified and directly manufactured architecture. The Digital tectonics is a matter of an integrated process. It is not the inclusion of technology in architecture or an updating of a traditional term, but it is a new way of thinking about architecture."



## Digital tectonics (as opposed to classical tectonics)





Tool

Digital
Tectonics
Assembles

**A.** Soumaya Museum, Fernando Romero, Mexico (Represent form generation strategy)



C. US Embassy, Kieran Timberlake, London (Represent form fabrication strategy)

**B.** Guangzhou Opera House, Zaha Hadid, China (Represent form optimization strategy)



**D.** Florence New Station, Italy. (Represent form simulation strategy)

### **Digital tectonics: Essential factors**





Represented by: sophisticated programs and technical aspects



**ARTICULATION** 

Represented by poetic, aesthetic and cultural dimensions



**ASSEMBLES** 

Represented by the way of assembling building elements

#### Question #2:

Which **early theorists** (classical tectonics) do you subscribe to? Elaborate based on the theories.

#### Classical tectonics

(as opposed to digital tectonics)

Tectonics according to Botticher:

Ontology

Representation

Architectonic Sense of place Natural organic forms

#### **Theorists:**

- Karl Botticher (1806-1889)
- **Gottfried Semper** (1803-1879)
- Eduard Sekler (1920-2017)
- Kenneth Frampton ectonics according to Frampton: (b1930)

Tectonics according to Semper:

Material

Handicraft +

Cultural expression

Tectonics according to Sekelr:

Construction

464

101

Structure

**Empathy** 

Culture

Science

Art Technology

Tectonic culture Poetic of construction

#### **Karl Botticher**

(1806-1889)

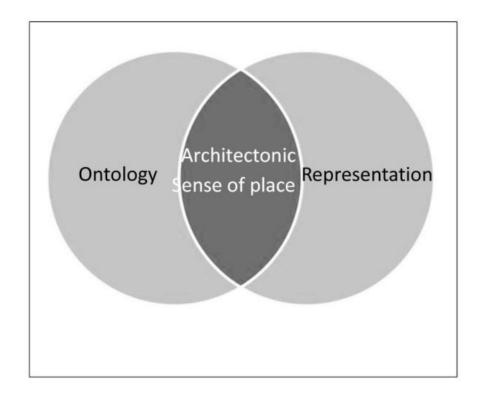
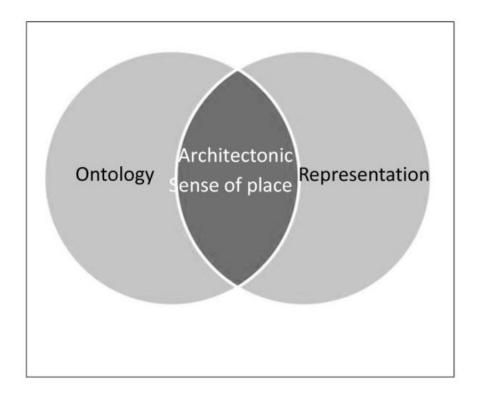


Figure 2. Tectonics from Botticher's perspective.



#### **Karl Botticher**

(1806-1889)



**Ontology** is related to functional, structural and cultural purpose. **Representation** is related to aesthetical and expressional purposes of the substance.

Interrelated relationship between the two creates a sense of place, the core of tectonics. Tectonic is the amount of cohesion between structural elements.

**Figure 2.** Tectonics from Botticher's perspective.

#### Gottfried Semper (1803-1879)

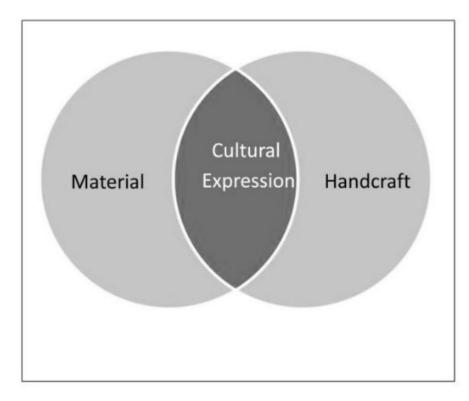
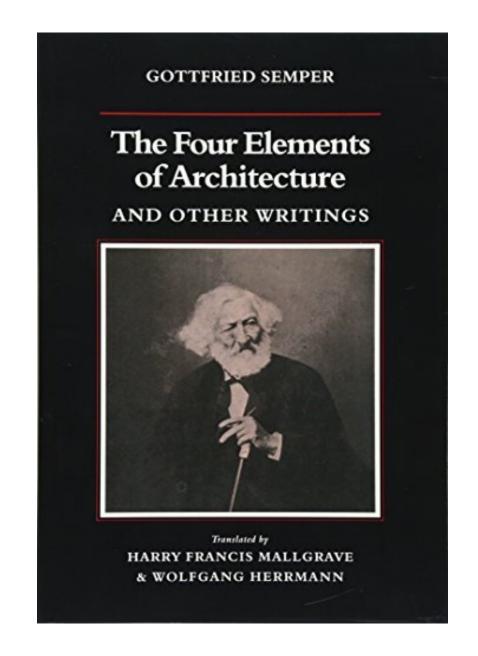
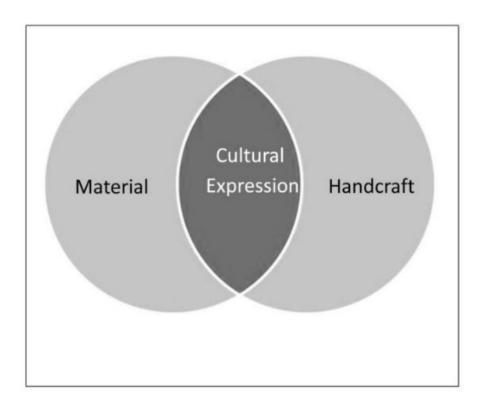


Figure 4. Tectonics from Semper's perspective.



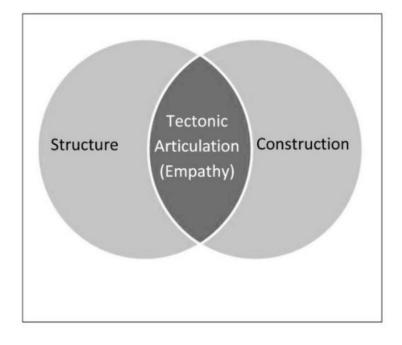
#### Gottfried Semper (1803-1879)



According to Semper, the essence of tectonics was to grasp the use of different materials to create **cultural expression**.

Figure 4. Tectonics from Semper's perspective.

### Eduard Sekler (1920-2017)



**Figure 5.** Tectonics from Sekler's perspective.

**Structure** is the ordering principle of a work.

**Construction** is a particular physical appearance of these principles.

**Tectonics** is an expressive value crystallised from the two modes.

## Kenneth Frampton (b1930)

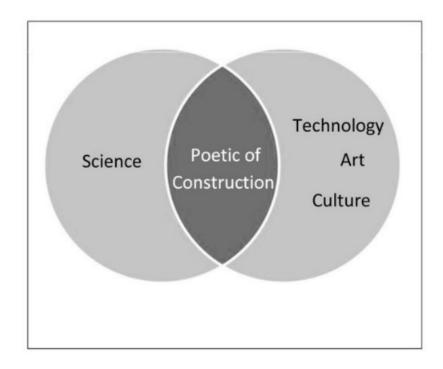
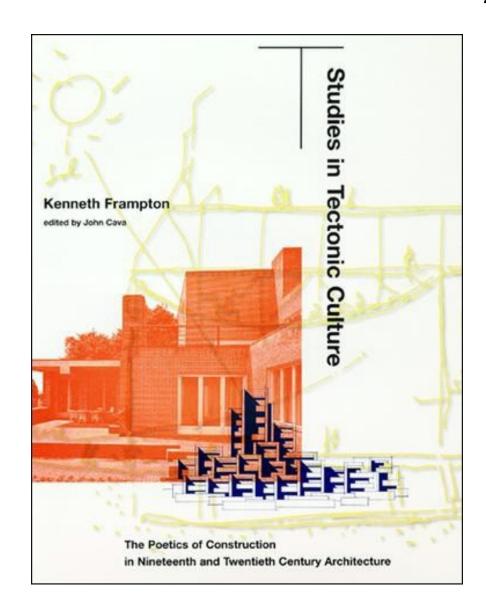
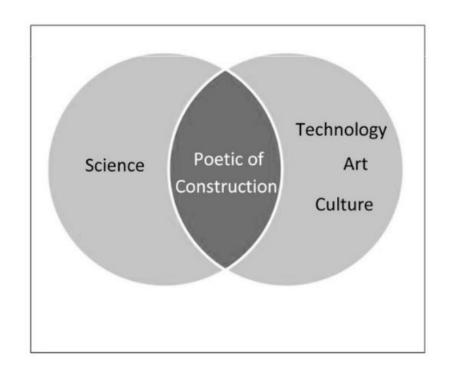


Figure 6. Tectonics from Framton's perspective.



## Kenneth Frampton (b1930)



Tectonic as 'poetic of construction'.

**Tectonic factors** in architecture (they are interrelated): object, details, joint, material, construction, structure and construction.

Frampton argues that **environmental issues** and **local culture** also need to be considered.

Figure 6. Tectonics from Framton's perspective.

#### Question #3:

How do you illustrate the notion of 'architect as master of tectonic expression' as illustrated by Eduard Sekler?

## Uploaded supplementary material

EDUARD F. SEKLER

STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION, TECTONICS

Sometimes we may be close to despair when trying to cope with the visual world through words: the harder we try the more we seem to get lost between shifting and clusive drifts of irrelevancy, inappropriateness or vacuity. Indeed an artist may feel that there is no place at all for verbal

arrangement of constituent parts in a much wider sense.

With regard to architecture the exact relationship between structure and construction now appears clear. Structure as the more general and abstract concept refers to a system or principle of arrangement destined to cope with



## Architect as master of tectonic expression

As architects, we do not have control over **structure** and **construction** as it is common that the building is built by other parties (contractors).

However, we have the complete control over the **tectonic expression**. This is when appearance of building evokes emotional responses and motivates (empathy) through **tectonic articulation**.

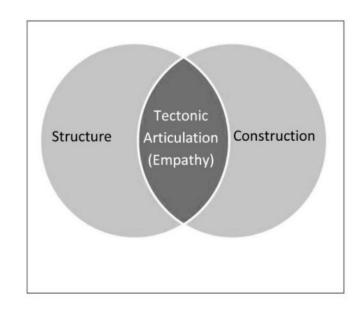


Figure 5. Tectonics from Sekler's perspective.

#### Question #4:

What is your stand on 'digital tectonics'? What is the role of digital tools in your tectonic thinking?

#### Classical vs digital tectonics

**Table 3.** Comparison between classical and digital tectonics.

	Classical Tectonics	Digital Tectonics	Similarities
Nature	More Tangible	More abstract	They both represent a clear way of expression
Case	Concrete	Process oriented	
Importance	Emphasis on aesthetic of detailing	Emphasis on sophisticated technique	
Focus	Stress on the relation between construction, material, and expression	Stress on the relation between aesthetic and technical aspects	- They both reveal the truth of building
Factors or strategies	Analytical factors: Object, joint, details, material, structure, construction, interaction	Strategies: generation, fabrication, motion, information, simulation	
Essential elements	Culture, Material, and technique	Tool, articulation, assemblies	

### **Digital tectonics: Essential factors**







**TOOL** 

**ARTICULATION** 

**ASSEMBLES** 

Represented by: sophisticated programs and technical aspects Represented by poetic, aesthetic and cultural dimensions

Represented by the way of assembling building elements



## (Free download) Digital Tectonics An e-book

https://issuu.com/arkitekt skolenaarhus/docs/digital tectonics\_screen\_01



#### Question #5:

There are different combinations of the 'essence of tectonics' as been posited in theories. Which one do you ascribe to?



# Combinations of 'essence of tectonics' we have explored

- Technique, Culture and Material
- Tool, Articulation and Assembles
- 03 Context, Science and Forces
- Construction, Material and Cultural Aspects

#### Question #6:

How do 'transfer' and 'loads' impact your design or formgeneration process?



#### Yordanova (2019)

Yordanova, N. (2019). A new approach to the concept of tectonics.

See the uploaded reference

#### Two levels of tectonics:

- 1. Micro-tectonics (elemental level)
- 2. Macro-tectonics (*structural* level)

#### Two scopes of tectonics:

- 1. Load-bearing elements
- 2. Non load-bearing elements

#### **Structure of architectural form** which is base of the tectonic expression:

- 1. Mechanical functions
- 2. Spatial functions

#### Yordanova (2019)

Yordanova, N. (2019). A new approach to the concept of tectonics.

See the uploaded reference

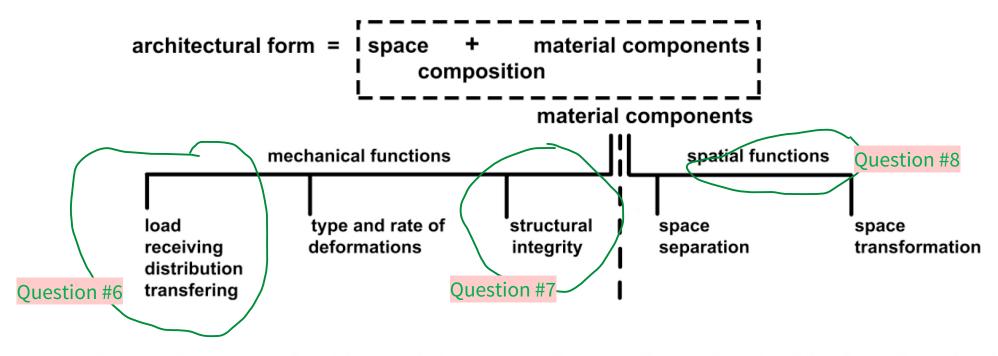


Figure 1 Structure of architectural form according to Tilev and a classification of mechanical and spatial functions which are bases for tectonic expressions. The taxonomy of mechanical functions is derived from Tilev's classification of architectural components' functions (Tilev 2013).



### **Mechanical** functions

**Tectonics** as an artistic expression of mechanical functions

#### 3 aspects to this:

- 1. Load transfer and distribution (Guiding Question #6)
- 2. Type and rate of deformation
- 3. Structural integrity (Guiding Question #7)

#### Question #7:

How do you consider 'structural integrity' in form finding process?



### **Mechanical** functions

**Tectonics** as an artistic expression of mechanical functions

#### 3 aspects to this:

- 1. Load transfer and distribution (Guiding Question #6)
- 2. Type and rate of deformation
- 3. Structural integrity (Guiding Question #7)

#### Structural integrity includes:

- Rigidity: type of connections and position of elements can provide rigidity of the building
- Stability

#### Question #8:

How would you consider your spatial functional approach?



#### **Spatial** functions

Yordanova, N. (2019). A new approach to the concept of tectonics.

#### **Tectonics** as an artistic expression of spatial functions

#### 3 aspects to this:

- 1. Structural systems and elements with dominating spaceseparation function
- 2. Systems and elements with dominating space-transformation function
- 3. Systems and elements with balancing spatial features

#### Question #9:

To what extent do you agree on Patrick Schumacher on his view of

**Tectonism**?



#### **Tectonism**

Schumacher, P. (2017). Tectonism in architecture, design and fashion: Innovations in digital fabrication as stylistic drivers. *Architectural Design*, 87, 106-113.

Tectonism is a stylistic heightening of engineering and fabrication based form finding and optimisation processes.

"Tectonism is embedding a series of **technical rationalities** that secure both **greater efficiency** as well as **greater morphological rigour**, while maintaining sufficient degrees of design freedom to address programmatic and contextual contingencies."



What kind(s) of **tectonic expression** is illustrated in your design?



## Tectonic expression

According to Maulden (1986), The range of tectonic expression can be thought in terms of the interplay of *structure* and *enclosure*.



Example: New National Gallery in Berlin. Architect: Mies van der Rohe.



## Tectonic expression

According to Maulden (1986), The range of tectonic expression can be thought in terms of the interplay of *structure* and *enclosure*.



Example: Llyods's Building, London. Architect: Richard Rogers



#### **OTHER SOURCES**

Tectonic thinking in architecture:

https://issuu.com/cinark/docs/tectonic thinking in architecture

Circular construction- materials architecture tectonics:

https://issuu.com/cinark/docs/circular construction 080919 low

## Re-iterating aims and objectives

- To expand on Assessment 2's brief: rationale, aim and mapped learning objectives, timeline, etc
- Assessment 2.1 and Assessment 2.2
- A recap on **Tectonic Thinking**, which we explored in Week 1
- To provide supplementary materials for Assignment 2 related to Tectonics