# Week 4

Theory, concepts and models: reflections and further directions

This week we will map out our current understanding based on learners' forum posts and set foot to relevant theories, concepts and models.



#### 01

#### Week-by-week reflections

Week 1 to week 3

## 02

# Establishing current understanding

Based on the submitted weekto-week reflections

#### 03

# Theories, concepts and models

Oxman and Oxman (2014)

# Aims and objectives

- To infer what students have learnt during the first three weeks
- To exhibit reflective practice mid acquiring knowledge
- To elicit current understanding based on the forum posts
- To relate the current understanding with relevant theories, concepts and models.

# Learning outcomes

Students will be able to..

01

Describe their **current understanding** in relation to digital architecture.

O2 Enumerate important theories, concepts and models.

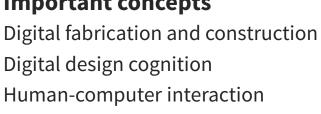


Formulate **understanding** of the theories, concepts and models.



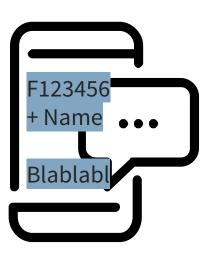
#### Theory, history and current debate

Understand historical background of this notion and relevant debates.



of completed project

**Discussion** 





Make a short summary of one chosen topic: See instruction on the link below

https://miatedjosaputro.com/2020/03/17/week-4-discussion/





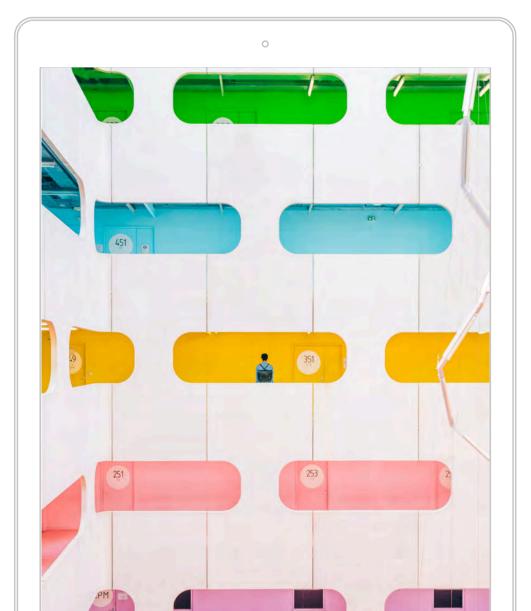






ACADEMIA AND INDUSTRY DIALOGUE

Photo by Victor Lam on Unsplash



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What are <mark>major changes</mark> in terms of the way

architects think, make and design?

How did the <mark>relational value</mark> between <mark>design tools and designers</mark> shift?

What did you know about digital architecture

which previously you didn't know?

WEEK 1

https://miatedjosaputro.com/2020/02/25/week-1-about-module/

# Week 1: your thoughts

#### Major changes

- The improved accuracy
- The improved precision
- The improved efficiency
- Doing what previously unable to do without using software
- Improving communication with clients
- Delimiting architects
- Better story tellers, better communicators
- More to come in next few years..
- Ability to support complex shapes
- The shift of our understanding of the world

- Changing the way people relate to a place
- New material's
  - exploration
- Virtual toolbox

#### Shift on relational value

- **Time** factor (quick design)
- Equipping architects to refine ideas through technology
- Alternative option if you are not good at sketching
- Simplifying the act of producing drawings
- Multimodal information processing
- Help on expressing design

#### Previously was not aware

- Coding and gaming, more tools beside AutoCAD and Sketch Up
- The digital design ecosystem



D1. Putting your utopian thinking hat, how do you envisage your own version of futuristic
built environment? You can also upload a quick sketch.

https://miatedjosaputro.com/2020/03/04/week-2-discussion-1/

D2. How can <mark>digital tools</mark> enable architects and designers to create **better architecture** for more people?

https://miatedjosaputro.com/2020/03/04/week-2-discussion-2/



#### D1. Futuristic built environment

- Intellectual tools that bring many innovations as a holistic approach
- Faultless public transport, autonomous vehicles continue
- Smart building as in constantly gathering data from occupants and visitors
- Intelligent high street, for example dominated by augmented reality and interactive dressing rooms
- Buildings based on scientific knowledge
- Tech and innovation that make our lives simple and efficient, reducing impact on environment

- Future with more environmentally friendly strategies
- Regaining its lost aesthetic related to natural elements
- Cities without cars
- Architecture work that grows
- Improved site analysis etc
- More symbiotic relationship between nature and human being
- Structures in the sky
- Advancement in building tech related to environment
- AI for more sustainable and environmentally friendly cities
- Biomimetic buildings
- Buildings which can enable healthier lifestyle and greater community cohesion

Week 2: your thoughts

#### D2. Digital tools and better architecture

- More realistic visual rendering
- Improving decision-making process
- Provision of more efficient buildings in terms of structural solutions
- More environmentally efficient buildings (maximise natural ventilation, solar access, shade)
- Manifestation of design in short period of time, leads back to efficiency
- Productivity and creativity (better on expressing and showcasing ideas) in no limit
- Putting architect's vision and creativity to work
- Efficiency and speed
- Correction in real time and is made easier
- Move freely in architectural space
- Material change/ selection in real life

- Accessing digital information in our daily lives<sup>12</sup>
- Simulations before design is built (design performance, durability, sustainability, able to foresee the outcome of design)
- Shifting architects' focus rather than thinking about trivial matters
- Changed the way we experience built environment
- New systems where architectural processes can emerge through close collaboration (between human and machine)
- Provide architects with wider point of perspective and more design options (Generative Design)
- Adding new dimension to architectural product, materialise ideas that are not fully expressed
- Catalyst in design
- Social connectivity with clients (files can be sent on multimedia messages in short period of time)
- Learning opportunities through online research
- Automation
- Designing become fun and effective
- Flexibility on working arrangements

The Armadillo Vault project:

How does <mark>dialectics</mark> between <mark>academia and industry</mark> exhibited in this project?



How did the <mark>conversation</mark> between academia and industry in design stages contribute to <mark>advancement of the project</mark> (and design field)?

https://miatedjosaputro.com/2020/03/10/week-3-discussion/



#### Dialectics between academia and industry

- Symbiotic
- Relationship between geometry and forces
- True structure
- Material and fabrication are not equal to limited design possibilities, instead starting point
- Geometry + structure + material combination
- Dialectics of: constrained structure in specific form and functionality + understanding of geometry + digital tools + experienced crafts on local materials
- Brain (academia) and body (industry) analogy
- Efficient way to work with less room for error

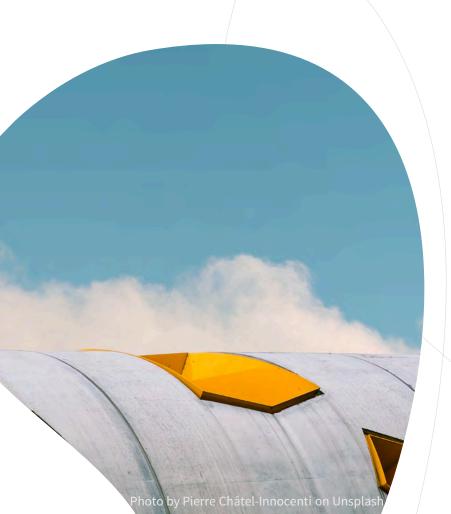
- Buildings can be constructed more efficiently using sustainable materials
- Structural and material constraints can be used as driving force to create amazing architecture
- Effectively converting a 'perfect world' of digital design into 'real world' fabrication and construction processes
- Fabrication of complex design is made possible by computational tools
- Knowledge from academia converge at the architectural focal point
- Renounce balance of computation and traditional craft
- Pushing design further in terms of creativity

# What kind of understanding have we established?

With regards to digital architecture

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# The understanding



#### Think-draw-make

Changes on the way architects think-drawmake in computational design have presented benefits to design stake holders (clients, collaborators and public) and improve quality of built environment. Architecture practices are also shifted.

#### New possibilities

Creativity is pushed further with the help of computational design tools, which addressed critiques that they hinder creativity. Strategies to address environmental issues are also in the main agenda of this emergent way of designing.

#### Digital design pedagogy

Comprehensive understanding of digital design as learners develop digital literacy is important. In their five years of digital studio reflection, Ikeda et al. (2016) posit five factors design skills can be exercised. Ikeda, Y., Toyoda, K. & Takenaka, T. (2016). The Pedagogical Meanings of an Experimental Full-Size Mock-Up of Computational Design.

#### **Digital design ecosystem**

Design process is moving away from being linear and architects are at the centre of this ecosystem. Collaboration with specialists in industry, academia, local craftsman and end users provide more meaningful design.

Our utopian thinking also suggest that more advancement is yet to come. Better systems to tackle environmental problems.

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### We have seen..



How the area of computational design can be viewed using theoretical lenses

02

Historically how prominent architects harnessed technology



The pertinent need to collaborate



And.. Built our common understanding about the field

# Theories of the digital in architecture

Oxman, R. & Oxman, R. (2014). *Theories of the digital in architecture / [edited by] Rivka Oxman and Robert Oxman*, Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group.